**N. Ireland Cancer Registry**

**Implications of Research for Services**

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| **Paper Title** | The psychological impact of prostate biopsy: Prevalence and predictors of procedure‐related distress | |
| **Authors** | Linda Sharp, Eileen Morgan, Frances J. Drummond, Anna Gavin | |
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| **Full paper available online** | YES  NO  NOT YET | |
| **Conclusion** | Three hundred thirty‐five men completed questionnaires. Overall, 49% had significant biopsy‐related distress; this was higher in men whose biopsy result indicated cancer (59%) and those who did not have a definitive result (54%) than those with a negative result (35%; P < .001). In multivariable analyses, the odds of significant distress were 3 times higher in men with cancer (OR = 3.33, 95% CI, 1.83‐6.04) and more than twice as high in men without a definitive result (OR = 2.61, 95% CI, 1.43‐4.78) compared to men with a negative result. Men with intermediate (OR = 3.19, 95% CI, 1.85‐5.53) or high (OR = 7.10, 95% CI, 3.45‐14.57) health anxiety (propensity to worry about one's health) also had significantly increased odds of biopsy‐related distress. | |
| **What this means for the service** | Significant distress is common after prostatic biopsy. Some men, including those who are highly health anxious and those awaiting definitive results, may benefit from additional support around the time of and/or following prostate biopsy | |